

AMERICAN

LEAD PENCIL COMPANY
NEW YORK.
Factory, Hudson City, N. J.

This Company is now fully prepared to furnish
LEAD PENCILS,
Equal in Quality to the Best Made.

The Company has taken great pains and
vested a large capital in siting up their factory
and now as the **AMERICAN PENCIL** is

their pencils a fair trial.

All styles and grades are manufactured. Good
has been bestowed to the manufacturing
company, **HEXAGON DRAWING PENCILS**,
specially prepared for the use of Engineers,
Architects, Artists, &c.

A complete assortment com-
monly carried, is offered at fair
to trade at their whole-
sale room,

34 JOHN STREET,
New York.

The pencils are to be had at
the principal Stationers and Sof-
tware Dealers.

TRADE MARK

Look for the American Lead Pencil

JULIUS BAUER & CO

Great Piano Forte & Melodeon
EMPORIUM
WAREHOUSES IN
CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE,
39 Washington Street
New York Warerooms 450 Broadway.
Wholesale Agents for the U. S. for
WM. KNABE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
Gold Medal Piano Fortes

As to the native merits of these Pianos, would refer to the certificates of excellence in possession from: Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strauss, Joseph, G. Sauter H. Vieuxtemps, Louis Heine, E. Muzio, Musical Director of the Italian Opera, as also from some of the most distinguished Professors and Amateurs in the country. All instruments guaranteed for five years.

Agents for
A. H. GALE & CO.,
and Other First Class Pianos

We have the largest and best assorted stock of Pianos in the city, which for power and sweetness of tone, easy and agreeable touch, and beauty of finish, have, by judges, been pronounced to be the best.

Wholesale Dealers will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as by greatly increased facilities we are enabled to fill all orders with dispatch. Persons in want of a really First Class Piano will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR
W. HART, NEEDHAM & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
Harmoniums, Melodians & Organs


Manufactures and Importers of
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
PIANOS, ACCORDEONS,
VIOLINS, CLARINETS,
DRUMS, GUITARS,
BRASS INSTRUMENTS,
and other Musical Merchandise. The Silver
Brass Instruments, of our manufacture and
exportation, are used by most all of the best
Orchestras, and whenever ex-
hibited have always received the gold Medals
and highest premiums. Having connection with
manufacturing houses in Berlin, Leipzig, Dres-
den, England, Paris, we are prepared to furnish


JULIUS BAUER & CO.,
 Washington-st., Chicago, Ill.
 New York Showrooms, 639 Broadway,
 Fifth-floor (above East 15)

ARE AND NEW G
ST OPENED
t, one door above Moffat's
CK OF MEN'S AND BOY'S
UNISHING GOOD
ths, Cassimeres and
to CUSTOM WORK. Mr. M
joyed, give as a mil
LAUFERTY

NEW STORE
JUN 18
Jackson street
A SPLENDID STORE
AND E
Also, Broad
See Special attention
performed entire, 14 map
St. Paul, Oct 1892, 22, 3

J. W. Poland's
WHITE PINE COMPOUND,

 Is now offered to the afflicted throughout the country, after having been proved by the test of eleven years. In the New England States where firmer its have become as well known as the tree from which, in part, it derives its virtues.

 **White Pine Compound** (three

White Pine Compound cures
Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diphtheria,
Whooping Cough, Spitting of Blood and
Pulmonary Affections generally. It
is a remarkable Remedy for Kid-
ney Complaints, Diabetes, Diffi-
culty of Voiding Urine,
Bleeding from the Kidneys
and Bladder, Gravel,
and other complaints.

White Pine Compound,
was early in the spring of 1865 (that this
was originated. A member of my
family was afflicted with an irrita-
tion of the

afflicted with a distressing cough 1
months previous thought that a
certain family medicine might be
useful in diseases of the throat and lungs,
the value of it in the case alluded to, I
ordered a small quantity of the medicine
had been planning, and gave it in tes-
timony of the result. The coughing
throat was removed, the cough
and a speedy cure was effected. Soon
I sent some to a lady in London, Mr.
Hampshire, who had been enduring
suffering from a bad cough, occasioned by
a cold, and had had no relief from
blood. She soon found relief and sent for
She took about ten ounces and got well.
Mark. A. G., Editor of the Manchester Daily

When a trial of the same preparation came before the public, it was cured immediately. He was so highly pleased with the result, and so confident in success attending its use, placed before the public, that he finally decided me to give it a name, and send it to benefit the suffering. In November, 1871, first advertised under the name of **White's Compound**. In the year 1872, there has been who made in Vancouver one hundred dollars worth, which I took of all the cheap remedies in the market, still maintaining that position. There is reason for all this; it is very soothing and it is so pure, and it is so to the stomach pleasant without the taste, and is exceedingly cheap.

A remedy for kidney complaints the White compound stands unrivalled. It was not

to be for that purpose; but a person in
for a cough, was also cured of a kidney
of ten years standing. Since this
fatal discovery, many thousands have used
the same complaint, and have been cured.
The above was written by Fr. Poland in 1860,
then, as in Macchese's, the whole name
was taken the lead of a cough remedy,
as well as a preparation for the cure of kid-
nephritis. In every city, town, village and
throughout the New England States.
borealis in St. Paul by Switzer & Co.,
Bla. a Jenks; at St. Paul by Switzer & Co.,
Robinson & Co., E. L. Siggs, Paul
and by dealers in Drugs and Medicines
ly. send a few
SCRIBERS TO THE

NATIONAL
TRAIT GALLERY,
can have their numbers of the same
OUND IN TASTY STYLE
At short notice by sending to the
BINDERY.

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, DECEMBER 28, 1896.

REMARKABLE REVERIES.

A California paper tells of a lady at a dinner who became a great sleeper on the day she was twenty-four years old. In this instance such cases are rare, but not in tropical countries, where humanity comes to naturally much sooner.

One of the saw mills at Utahville, Washington Territory, has prepared a par excellence in diameter at the largest end, and one hundred and fifty feet long, for the exhibition at Paris.

The artesian wells of Greenlee and Pecos, France, now come within of view; the superabundance of the water, which rises from the depth of two thousand three hundred feet, reaching eighty-five degrees Fahrenheit, while that of the atmosphere at the surface by night is only thirty-five or thirty-six.

The Chicago and Northwestern Railroad was opened to St. John, Iowa, on the Missouri river, twenty-two miles from Council Bluffs, last week. It is expected that the road will be completed to its connection with the Pacific Railroad at Omaha, in a few weeks.

The owner of the omnibus lines of Göteborg, Sweden, some time since provided each of his vehicles with a water pump, and every time the water was quenched they threw it. They have now extended their country by providing each passenger with a newspaper giving the latest intelligence, which he can read while in the omnibus.

There is a rumor that another conspiracy, having for its object the destruction of the lives of the ruling power, and the subversion of the form of government, has been discovered at Madrid. The danger has been effectively averted.

Theodore Tilton says there is more hostility among Western than among Eastern people. Work is more of a play here than at home. More than half the laughter does by the American people falls from the mouth of Western men. And a good deal of it, of late (I guess) has been at the expense of his Excellency, the President of the United States.

The "soft note of the pistol" is heard over and over in Texas. A Gilchrist paper relates: "One of the most singular of the morning between two of our citizens. Each party drew three shots at the other, and each shot was a mortal wound. The shot was a mortal wound to him, and while lying on the sidewalk."

J. C. Lowmeyer, a merchant of Helena, Ark., before setting out on a journey to Memphis, last week, saved \$75,000 into the lining of his coat. He then went on board the boat, and on returning to his berth, carefully placed his coat under his pillow. In the morning he found that an agent had entered his state-room while he slept, and had taken away the money. A search of the boat was made for the money, but without success.

Mrs. Millard went to see her husband at a mill in Wisconsin, where he was engaged in the lumber business. She found him, last week, and in passing some machinery, her dress caught, and one of her legs torn from her body. Her husband, in attempting to rescue her, had one of his legs torn from his body. The husband and wife are both in a critical condition.

A schoolmaster tells the following good story: "I was teaching in a one-room school house. The second morning of my school I had time to survey my surroundings, and among the school furniture was a three-legged stool. 'Is this the three-legged stool?' asked a little girl of five. The dark eyes sparkled, the curls nodded assent, and the little pupil said: 'I guess so, the teacher always sits on it.' The stool was unoccupied that term."

It is reported on the continent that the French authorities in Mexico seized the baggage of Emperor Maximilian, which had been carried to Vera Cruz. It was alleged that among this baggage were secreted a number of private letters, and that the Emperor had been plotting to escape from the United States. Maximilian, however, has been captured, and the Emperor has been executed.

Dr. Dio Lewis, Professor of Ladies' Gynecology, in Boston, is of the opinion that the condition of the female system is a neglected condition—round shouldered, nervous, with soft muscles and general exhaustion. Efforts are being made to restore them, through gymnastics, horseback riding, and other similar measures. But these means, good as they are, will never be extended to the nation at large, nor continued through any considerable part of the life. This may be, after all, only a "Boston note."

Some three or four weeks since a young man, named John A. Wether, was engaged to marry a girl in Michigan. Being quite delicate, he was kindly treated by the family. About a week ago he requested an interview with the father of the girl, and was told that he was a good-looking fellow, but that he had been so kindly treated that he had abandoned the idea, and wanted him to look out for others.

In the Superior Court of New York, last week, a suit was brought to recover money lost by gambling. The judge decided that though a legal decision was reached, the Court under the statutes, it was necessary that the returning of such money should be "for the benefit of the ends of justice."

"I cannot see," said a man who was promoted by enabling a person to recover money which he had fairly stolen, and when, if he were wise, he would have pocketed his money. I will administer this law when a man brings himself under its operation, but will not be its construction for his benefit. The plaintiff here is clearly entitled to no indulgence."

The ownership of Wolf Island in the Mississippi river has been a subject of dispute between Kentucky and Missouri, and the question has on several occasions engaged the attention of Congress. The John A. Crockett took the matter to hand in 1850, but nothing came of it. The special phase of the dispute now presents, is an attempt to determine on which side of the island the channel of the Mississippi has been for the greater number of years. For this purpose the depositions of old steamboatmen and pilots have been obtained, and it is thought that they will be submitted to Congress at an early day.

At Ottawa, Canada, on Friday, a young couple, named John and Mary, were engaged to marry. The bride, Mary, was a girl of twenty, and the groom, John, was a young man of twenty. They were both of the same family, and were both of the same family.

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IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

Fencing In vs. Fencing Out.

Editor St. Paul Press.

ARTIST, MINN., Dec. 20, 1896.

The above subject is one of vital importance to every farmer in Minnesota, and although no public writer, yet I cannot keep silent when I feel my interest as at stake. I think the Press has been of great influence in favor of a measure of great importance to a majority of farmers in the State. But believing the Press is all right on public questions affecting the masses, (as shown by its magnificent fight against the monopoly.) I cordially invite the Press to give its influence against the measure, for the following reasons:

1. That there is no such profit in raising stock as in raising grain, especially those who live remote from railroad facilities, for they can drive their cattle to market at a profit, while the grain farmer cannot.

2. That it would require as much fencing to enclose enough land to pasture an ordinary cow, say 20 acres, as it would to enclose what land farmers generally have, say 100 acres, and the latter would be better off to keep them in than keep them out; for they would continually be getting out to feed on better grass, and grow in their enclosures.

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FARMERS' CLUB.

COTTAGE GROVE, DEC. 20, 1896.

Editor St. Paul Press.

Farmers are investigating the subject of seed wheat at the present time with an unusual degree of anxious interest. The history of wheat growing in Washington county, as related during the evening's conversation of the Farmers' Club, showed that during a period of ten years (1886-1896) the wheat crop had been made with black soil, white, hard, Canada, and Scotch, and was succeeding for a time, then failing to give profitable yields. The question now under consideration is, whether the present crop is the result of the same cause, or whether it is the result of a different and more thorough system of cultivation. An annual number of the farmers present took part in this discussion, detailing their experience and what they had learned from the past.

Mr. T. T. Mann opened the discussion by inquiring whether it was an unmitigated fact that the wheat crop had been made with black soil, white, hard, Canada, and Scotch, and was succeeding for a time, then failing to give profitable yields. The question now under consideration is, whether the present crop is the result of the same cause, or whether it is the result of a different and more thorough system of cultivation. An annual number of the farmers present took part in this discussion, detailing their experience and what they had learned from the past.

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